

Final Revision Units 7, 8 & 9

مراجعة الصف الاول الثانوى
2020

الترم الثانى

اعداد



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With Best Wishes

Revision vocabulary Unit 7

No Gain without Pain Health and safety

report	تقرير	properly	مناسب/ملائم	interpret	يترجم شفها
unusual	غير معتاد	sponge	اسفنجة	dangerous	خطير
surprising	مدهش	regularly	بانتظام	available	متاح/متوفر
trust	يثق في	replace	يستبدل	article	مقال
website	موقع الكتروني	extra	اضافي	Blog post	مدونة الكترونية
knowledge	المعرفة	spread	ينتشر/ينشر	receive	يستلم
hygiene	النظافة الشخصية	sneeze	يعطس	similar	مشابه
however	على الرغم	tissue	منديل	neighbour	جار
Kitchen floor	ارضية المطبخ	wet	جاف	accident	حادثة
warm	دافئ	expert	خبير	basic	اساسي
soapy	صابوني/متزحلق	furniture	اثاث/عفش	disease	مرض
remove	يزيل	messy	فوضوى	Living things	الكاننات الحية
contact	يتصل/اتصال	cough	يكح/يسعل	possibility	احتمالية
carry	يحمل	toilet	حمام	full	مملوء
waste	نفايات/مخافات	avoid	يتجنب	Make sure	يتأكد
offer	يعرض/عرض	suggestion	اقتراح	pressure	ضغط
safety	الامان	smoke	يدخن/دخان	blood	دم
medical	طبي	advice	نصيحة	helmet	خوذة
research	بحث علمي/ يبحث	laws	قوانين	check	يفحص
trousers	بنطلون	First aid	المساعدة الاولى	serious	جاد/خطير
bacteria	بكتريا	bookshelf	رف الكتب	apologise	يعتذر
dirty	متسخ	serious	جاد/خطير	Make sure	يتأكد
complain	يشكو	apologise	يعتذر	pressure	ضغط
check	يفحص	everywhere	كل مكان	blood	دم
necessary	ضروري	realise	يدرك	helmet	خوذة
immediately	في الحال	dust	الغبار/ينظف الغبار	breathe	يتنفس
evacuate	يخلي/يغادر	allergy	حساسية	danger	خطر
wrap	يلف/ يغلف	At least	على الاقل	emergency	طواري

Expressions & Prepositions

Take air in and out	يستنشق ويخرج الهواء	Have an accident	يحدث له حادثة
Talk to	يتحدث الى	Complain about	يشكو بشأن شيء
Become ill	يمرض	On fire	مشتعل فيه النار
Belong to	يتنمي ل	have a problem with	لديه مشكلة مع
Take....off	يخلع	Call the emergency	اتصل بالطوارئ
Make it difficult	يجعله صعب	Close to	قريب من
Ask for advice	يطلب النصيحة	Wear a helmet	يرتدي خوذة
Move....away	يبتعد	In danger	في خطر
Do research	يقوم ببحث علمي	Come up	يظهر
Make it difficult	يجعله صعب	Close to	قريب من
As often as you can	بقدر الامكان	Offer to help	يعرض المساعدة
Cause skin problems	يسبب مشاكل جلدية	Keep.....clean	يحافظ على نظافة
Contact with	اتصال مع	Touch animals	يلمس حيوانات
Protect....against	يحمي ضد	Grow well	ينمو جيدا
Stay calm	يبقى هادئ	Fall on	يسقط على

Revision Unit 8 (Robots) No Gain without Pain

invention	اختراع	nearly	تقريباً	device	جهاز
comment	تعليق	argue	يجادل	transport	النقل
below	أسفل	details	تفاصيل	chart	خريطة
click	نقرة	collect	يؤدي الي	lead to	يؤدي الي
button	زر	think about	يفكر في	stress	توتر
global	عالمي	topic	موضوع	positive	ايجابي
position	موقع	essay	مقال	negative	سلبي
system	نظام	specific	محدد	philosopher	فيلسوف
navigation	ملاحة	choice	اختيار	printing	طباعة
familiar	مألوف	example	مثال	press	يضغط
exactly	بالضبط	quietly	بهدوء	memory	ذاكرة
a map	خريطة	weakly	بضعف	conclusion	ختام
vehicle	مركبة	noise	ضوضاء	clearly	بوضوح
electric	كهربى	cry	صرخة	whether	إذا
distance	مسافة	anchor	مرساة	documentary	وثائقي
reason	سبب	paddle	مجداف	admit	يعترف
find out	يكتشف	rope	حبل	extreme	متطرف
luxury	ترف	steer	يوجه	share	يشارك
benefit	فائدة	thick	كثيف	even	حتى
hybrid	سيارة كهربائية	thickness	كثافة - سمك	brainstorm	يفكر
electric	كهربى	reason	سبب	luxury	ترف
distance	مسافة	find out	يكتشف	Mr/Wageh....Mr/Ashraf	

Expressions & Prepositions

Find out (about)	يكتشف (بخصوص)	Technological device	جهاز تكنولوجى
interested in - to	مهتم بـ	Think of	يراعي شعور - يفكر في
is able to	قادر علي	I have to admit	يجب ان أعترف
Free time / spare time	وقت فراغ	Lead to	يؤدي الي
Leisure industry	صناعة وقت الفراغ	Stressful situation	موقف مرهق
Satellite navigation	ملاحة بالقمر الصناعي	Negative effect	تأثير سلبي
make friends with	يتصادق مع	positive effect	تأثير ايجابي
In my opinion	في رأيي	Merits and demerits	مزايا و عيوب
Familiar with	مألوف مع	Favourite invention	اختراع مفضل
On the other hand	من جهة أخرى	Favourable opinion	راي مؤيد
I can't agree more	أنا موافق معك تماماً	Mutual benefit	فائدة مزدوجة
Cause damage	يسبب تلف	Do a quiz	يحل لغز

Revision vocabulary

Unit 9

No Gain without Pain A good education

education	تعليم	importance	أهمية	as well	أيضاً
author	مؤلف	housekeeper	مديرة منزل	practise	يمارس
orphan	يتيم	instead of	بدلاً من	realise	يدرك
orphanage	دار ايتام	care about	يهتم بـ	fun	متعة
cousins	أبناء عم	success	النجاح	abilities	قدرات
wealthy	ثري	fail	يفشل	critical	نقدي
owner	مالك	fail	يفشل	flat	مسطح
governess	مربية	failure	فشل - فشل	mast	سارية
cruel	قاسي	later life	حياة أخرى	reach	يصل
cruelty	قسوة	lose touch	يفقد اتصال	shallow	ضحل
employ	يوظف	contact with	اتصال بـ	shoulder	كتف
lovely	جميل	friendship	صداقة	wound	جرح
save	ينقذ	upset	يزعج	wreck	حطام
servant	خادم	discuss	يناقش	expert	خبير
lose	يفقد	solve	يحل	stranger	غريب
secret	سر	solution	حل	criticism	نقد
summary	ملخص	solver	الحلال	artist	فنان
kindness	طيبة	angry with	غاضب من	musician	موسيقيار
honesty	أمانة	argue with	يجادل مع	torch	كشاف - شعلة
century	قرن	get on well	ينسجم	bandage	ضمادة
bullying	تنمر	do a course	يأخذ دورة	catch	يمسك
bully	بلطجي	serious	جاد	deck	ظهر مركب
seriousness	جدية				

Expressions & Prepositions

Cruel to - with	قاسي علي	So - called	مدعي - ما يسمى
Get on well with	ينسجم مع	Flyover bridges	كباري علوية
Send away	يطرد - يبعد	Run a school	يدير مدرسة
Advertise for a job	يعلن عن وظيفة	Critical thinking	تفكير نقدي
Apply for a job	يتقدم لوظيفة	Critical case	حالة حرجية
A boarding school	مدرسة داخلية	Problem solvers	حلل مشاكل
Keep in touch with	يواصل علي الاتصال بـ	Educational process	عملية تعليمية
Lose touch with	يفقد الاتصال مع	A man of letters	اديب
Cope up with	يساير - يجاري	Care for - about	يهتم بـ
Disagree with	لا يوافق مع	Regard as	يعتبر كـ
Bring success	يجلب النجاح	Nuclear energy	طاقة نووية
Constructive criticism	نقد بناء	Medical care	رعاية طبية

Choose the correct answer from a,b,c,d

- 1- Plants need sunlight, water and good to grow well.
a) tile b) soil c) earth d) floor
- 2- My mum tells me to change the on my bed once a week.
a. carpet b. curtain c bedding d. towel
- 3- His room is dirty and the bathroom is messy, but at he had a shower this morning!
a- last b-latest c-list d-least
- 4- I can't stop sneezing because I have an to your pets.
a- allergy b-allergic c- alley d-allergens
- 5 Bacteria like to..... in warm, wet places like a kitchen sponge.
a-plant b-make c-grow d-soil
- 6- The possibility that someone or sth will be harmed or killed is called
a- danger b- dangerous c-generosity d- generous
- 7- Ambulances drive very fast when there is a/an
a- urgent b-emergent c-dangerous d-emergency
- 8-I've still got to clean the bathroom
a. flower b. flour c floor d.flat
- 9- You must take care of your health toillnesses .
a- attract b- deny c- avoid d- cure
- 10-Don't make too much noise. The baby is
A – sleep b- asleep c- sleepily d-sleeper
- 11- shut up , I want to listen to theof the president speech .
a- translate b- translator c-interpret d-interpreter
- 12-The room filled with smoke, and it was becoming difficult to
a- breeze b- breathing c-breathe d-breath
- 13-The town is cut off fromwith the outside world.
a-contact b-contract c- connect d- communicate
- 14- the state must give a due care toresearch .
a- science b-scientist c- scientific d-scientifically
- 15 -is to send people away from a dangerous place to a safe place .
a- evaluate b- evacuate c- evacuation d-evacuee
16. Not...pay to use the pool is an important benefit of being a student here.
a) having b) have to c) having to d) must
17. You.....believe everything Sara tells you. She"s lied to me before.
a) must b) have to c) mustn't be d) mustn't
- 18-Large areas of the forest are reported to be Fire
a- in b- on c- for d- to
- 19) The government has promised to spend more on.....and education.
a. wealth b. healthy c search d. health
- 20) You should always take your shoes.....at the door.
a. off b. of c turns d. place
- 21) She's doinginto the connection between crime and poverty.
a. recommendations b. decisions c. research d. suggestions
- 22)are a very small living things, some of which cause illness or disease.
a.Diseases b. Bacterium c medicines d. Bacteria
- 23-Their neighbours complained their constant loud music.
a- of b- about c- for d- to
- 24-This makes it illegal to smoke in public places.
a.luck b.lawyer c. law d. low

- 25-My father asked me to....sure you lock the door behind you when you go out.
a) make b)do e)take d)give
26. Google play is full of useful.....
a. vehicles b. feedback c.GPS d.apps
- 27.I asked my friend to do a.....with me.
a. quiz b. suggestion c. mistake d. comment
- 28.At weekends, my friends and I.....and have fun.
a. benefit from b. find out c. go out d. write down
- 29.GPS is short for Global..... System.
a. Population b. Positioning c. Press d. Philosophy
- 30.He enjoys.....with his online friends in his free time.
a. cycling b. printing c. benefiting d. chatting
- 31.I have just.....why he looks so angry. His favorite team has lost an important match.
a. benefited from b. found out c. gone out d. written down
32. I hope we will.....from the new technology in a useful way.
a. benefit b. click c. offer d. leave
33. Old.....can cause more pollution because their engines don't burn petrol well.
a. vehicles b. software c. GPS d. Technology
34. When I....., I make sure that I have everything needed for the journey.
a. admit b. recommend c. get around d. find out
35. Criticism and advice are kinds of.....
a. buttons b. robots c. philosophy d. feedback
- 36.You can get to the information you want with just a...of a button
a. account b. notice c. click d.post
- 37.The.....can do some of the dangerous jobs in factories that man used to do in the past
a. robot b. tablet c. internet d. mouse
- 38.I.....this file from an educational website.
a. uploaded b. downloaded c. clicked d. posted
39. Not everything in modern technology is good. There're surely some.....
a. advantages b. disadvantages c. merits d. upsides
- 40.Healthy food, doing sport and getting enough sleep.....to enjoying good health.
a. annoyb. improve c lead d. appear
- 41.A: Did Ahmed leave the exam room? B: I.....not.
a. affect b. crash c.do d. guess
- 42.You end your essay with the.....
a. title b. introduction c.body d. conclusion
- 43.The on.....of this machine doesn't work, so I can't start it.
a. robot b. smartphone c. button d. wire
- 44.My two daughters.....some qualities. They both are intelligent, hard-working and helpful.
a. share b. cycle c. communicate d. save
- 45.A: Do you think printing.....is still effective? B. Online one is now more effective
a. progress b. pressc. danger d. software
- 46.My brother Ahmed has travelled.....He is in Saudi Arabia now.
a. aboard b. a board c. abroad d. broad
- 47.A: Do you have a / an.....on twitter? B: No, but I have one on facebook
a. account b. pressc. button d. office
- 48.I don't have enough time to reply to all the.....on my posts.
a. connects b. likes c. shares d. comments

49-I like watching.....about ancient Egyptian civilization.

- a. consequences b. cycles c. documentaries d. technology

50. My laptop has a terabyte.....

- a. tip b. memory c. website d. case

51-,I missed the end of the film

- a. unluckily b. luckily c. fort

52. My elder brother.....about me very much.

- a. saves b. prefers c. cares d. earns

53-The government tries hard to find..... to all the people's problems.

- a. owners b. decades c. answers d. secrets

54. No one can deny the.....of education in everyone's life.

- a. section b. conclusion c. classification d. importance

55.I have much.....for Mr Munir who taught me at primary school.

- a. regard b. experiment c. research d. decade

56-Those who never work hard will achieve nothing but.....in life and work.

- a. achievement b. success c. progress d. failure

57. This park is different....the one near our school.

- a. for b. of c. to d. about

58. We moved.....this house a few months ago.

- a. at b. to c. onto d. for

59-Because of my broken leg, I.....taking part in a lot of matches.

- a. lost b. missed c. got d. took

60. Egypt has achieved a lot.....the last decade.

- a. over b. on c. above d. under

61. I'd go.....with what you have just said. I agree with every word you've said.

- a. far b. long c. a long d. along

62. It is said that a cigarette end.....that enormous fire.

- a. put off b. broken c. had d. started

63. It is necessary to keep.... all your friends.

- a. in b. in touch c. in touch with d. of

64-Which of the following is an antonym of 'cruel'?.....

- a. Merciful b. Fetal c. Brutal d. Savage

65. There's a clear increase in the number of successful students. The word 'increase' in this sentence is the synonym of....

- a. grew b. growth c. decrease d. reduced

66 - Mr and Mrs Osman employed a to teach their children at home.

- a. governor b. governess c. housekeeper d. headmistress

67-We that caring for children is an important job.

- a. reply b. improve c. appreciate d. check

68-Hamdi has left university and now he is going to..... for a job at a bank.

- a -apply b advertise c reply d graduate

69- The secondary school in our townmore than a hundred teachers.

- a-allows b-offers c-employs d-develops

70. Rich people usually pay.....to help with the housework

- a. governesses b. servants c. relations d. relatives

71. He is a / an.....He misses his dead parents very much

- a. governess b. housekeeper c. author d orphan

72. As a / an..... she is responsible for looking after the whole house
a. expert b. Housekeeper c. author d orphan
73. Thein the number of students in a class makes it difficult the teacher to control them.
a.increase b. decrease c. Reduction d. variety
- 74- Unfortunately, John Steinbeck's first three novels were not a
a successful b success c succession d succeed
75. What we say here in this room is a / an.....Never tell anyone about it.
a.experience b experiment c. public d. secret
76. That bully was very the smaller boys, so they told a teacher about it.
a.cruel b. cruel to c. Cruelty d.cruelty to
- 77- We need to bring in a/an.....to deal with this problem because it's very complex.
a) criminal b) expert c) painter d) employer
- 78-If Ramy can't attend the meeting, I could go..... of him.
a) well b) away c) instead d) outside
79. He is well-.....He attended an international school before joining the American University.
a.educate b. educated c educating d.education
- 80-Very few people in losing weight and keeping it off.
a.succeed b increase c. find d reduce
- 81.I'll go the ticket office to see if there are stilltickets.
a) avoidable b) unavailable c) available d) attainable
- 82-I could hear voices outside the room.
a) stranger b) strangely c) strange d) strangeness
- 83-I'm very happy with the so many friends that I have.....recently
a) done b) lost c) made d) missed
- 84-hany started.....last September.
a) schooling b) school c) schools d)schooled
85. The teacher told us about the.....of revising before exams
a) conclusion b) influence c) importance d) important
86. He is "allergic to hard work". It means hehard work.
a) likes b) enjoys c) adores d) hates
87. Grass and leaves are sometimes used to make animals'
a) bedding b) maturing c) budding d) bullying
88. On hearing the referee's whistle, all players a sigh of relief.
a) breathed b) breath c) breezed d) snoozed
- 89.Throw any waste in that
a) pen b) pin c) ban d) bin
90. The Americans call the hand brake in a car anbrake.
a) emergent b) emergency c) detergent d) tendency
91. The UN provides emergency economic ...to the refugees all over the world.
a) paid b) raid c) aid d) aide
92. Scientists try to do moreinto the causes of schizophrenia.
a) feverish b) perish c) research d) search
93. The body usuallyto stress by becoming ill.
a) assumes b) resumes c) response d) responds
- 94.I need somewater to wash my hands very well. I fear any kind of infection.
a) soup b) soap c) soapy d) puppy
95. I'm American by nationality, but Egyptian by
a) foil b) oil c) boil d) soil

96. All that gossip that she told me about her friend Sara is pure
a) invention b) discovery c) prevention d) protection
97. That worker is a ...; he obeys all orders without any thinking or discussion.
a) boot b) robot c) reboot d) boat
98. When the tide went, the water of the sea flooded over the land.
a) out b) in c) into d) across
99. The production must go forward so that we can have a strong economy.
a) wheel b) heel c) while d) whale
100. Exams are always I get anxious and lose appetite during exams.
a) stressed b) stressing c) stressful d) impressed
101. The synonym of "horrible" is
a) terrific b) terrible c) wonderful d) delightful
102. The antonym of "entertainment" is
a) amusement b) joy c) boredom d) merry
103. I've just seen your on the internet. It shows all your interests.
a) beg b) plead c) dog d) blog
104. This old box very important papers.
a) contains b) consists c) include d) encloses
105. This is my uniform. I wear it daily.
a) every day b) everyday c) everydays d) day ever
106. If there is a fire, the firemen.
a) don't call b) call c) will call d) must call
107. If there were a storm, I wouldn't go swimming, but there
a) is b) isn't c) aren't d) weren't
108. If you had taken my advice, you in hospital now.
a) won't be b) would be c) wouldn't be d) 'd have been
109. If ice, it melts.
a) heat b) heats c) is heated d) heated
110. If there is heavy rain, I at home. It is habitual.
a) stay b) stays c) 'd stay d) 'm staying
111. there is heavy rain, I remain indoors.
a) When b) Unless c) Except if d) Without
112. If you desire to improve your English, you had better to native speakers.
a) speak b) spoke c) to speak d) speaks
113. If you desire to improve your English, you ought to native speakers.
a) speak b) spoke c) to speak d) speaking
114. If you are free, mind buying me the paper?
a) shall you b) would you c) you would d) may you
115. If of Egyptian cotton, I'll buy that shirt.
a) make b) makes c) made d) is made
116. Great efforts are exerted to Corona virus and avoid its danger in Egypt.
a) contain b) include c) kills d) evacuate
117. Be careful with that glass so that it won't be; it is very fragile
a) dropped b) fallen c) filled d) felt
118. Wash your hands as as you can.
a) long b) many c) never d) often
119. Cats are nice
a) bits b) pets c) beats d) baits
120. I think there is a between Corona virus and type of meat eaten.
a) pink b) link c) ink d) peak

Grammar Unit 7,8&9

Modals of obligation and necessity

No Gain without Pain
 الأفعال الناقصة التي تعبر عن الإلزام والضرورة
 ١ - نستخدم **should / shouldn't + inf**

١- لتقديم اقتراحات

-You should play tennis – you'd enjoy it

- You should buy Amira new phone

٢- للنصيحة (advice)

-You shouldn't eat sweets – they're bad for your health.

- You've got a nasty cough. You shouldn't smoke.

٣- لاحظ أن should ليحت قوية مثل must

= It would be a good idea.

-You should stop smoking .

- You must stop smoking.

= It's necessary to stop.

تركيبات هامة

Should =	It is advisable to It is desirable to I advise you to If I were you, I would It would be a good idea to it is a good thing to You had better You would rather	المصدر +
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e.g. – you should do more exercise = it's advisable to do more exercise

٢ - نستخدم **must** :

١-تستخدم للتعبير عن القوانين والقواعد العامة

Drivers must wear seat belts.

٢- للتعبير عن نصيحة قوية

e.g. You must stop smoking

→ You must remember to drive on the left.

٣ – نستخدم (المشاعر او الامنيات) للتعبير عن احساس قوي بضرورة عمل شيء من وجهة نظر المتكلم أو للتعبير عن أن شيء مهم بالنسبة لنا وفي هذه الحالة نستخدم فقط مع الضمان I / We ومع You في حالة السؤال

-We must tell the truth.

-I must visit my grandparents more often.

-We must buy a present for Ali's birthday.. -I must work hard for the exams next week.

٤ - كما نستخدم في حالة توجيه دعوة أو التعبير عن مشاعر صادقة

-You must come to my party tonight

-You must try a piece of my cake

- لاحظ استخدام **Must** للتعبير عن الضرورة في المضارع والمستقبل

. - I must go now. -

- I must see my doctor tomorrow

لاحظ يمكن استخدام التعبيرات الاتية بدل must

Must =	It is necessary/important (for+...) to It is obligatory (for+...) to It is a must/necessity (for+...) to	مصدر +
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- نستخدم **'mustn'** :

بمعنى ممنوع أو غير مسموح كما تعني أن هناك قواعد و قوانين يجب إتباعها و المخالفة تعرضك للعقاب.

Mustn't =	Be not allowed to Be forbidden to Be prohibited / banned to It's against the law to No + v.ing	غير مسموح ممنوع ممنوع ضد القانون مصدر +
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E.g. You mustn't park here = it is not allowed to park here .

No Gain without Pain

الحالة الصفريّة Zero conditional

(حقائق علمية) مضارع بسيط ⇒ مضارع بسيط ⇒ If

- If a volcano erupts, it sends dust into the atmosphere.
 - If water freezes, it turns into ice.
 - If you put a stone in water, it sinks.
 - If you throw this stone, it will break that window
 - If you put ice in the sun, it melts
 - If you mix red and green, you get brown
- ملحوظة : عند التخصيص نستخدم الحالة الأولى

تعبّر هذه الحالة عن حقيقة أو مواقف معتادة ولاحظ أننا في هذه الحالة يمكن أن نستخدم when بدلاً من If:

- If I have time, I usually walk to school.
- If I stay up late, I get up tired
- If the bark of young trees is badly damaged, they die.
- If you read too much, you have a headache.
- I stay home if / when I feel ill

الحالة الأولى First conditional

مصدر + should أو (أو فعل امر) / مصدر + will ⇒ If - 1

- If they arrive early, they will catch the metro. (احتمال)
 - If he plays well, he will win. (توقع / إمكانية)
 - If you are ill, you should go to hospital.
 - If you can't dictate your conditions, you should negotiate.
 - If you see Ahmed, give him my regards.
 - If you see a thief, call the police.
 - Should he concentrate, he will understand (في الحالة الأولى)
- تتفاوض .
جواب الشرط . أمر
(من الممكن ان (should) تحل محل If في الحالة الأولى)

الحالة الثانية second conditional

مصدر + would ⇒ If - 1 ماضي بسيط ⇒

- If he came late, I would punish him.
 - If I were you, I would study well.
 - He plays well so he wins the race.
 - If he didn't play well, he wouldn't win the race.
 - If I were a bird, I'd fly.
 - If he were a doctor, he would help us.
- تعبّر الحالة الثانية عن حدث غير حقيقي في الحاضر وكذلك إعطاء النصائح :
يمكن أن تعبّر الحالة الثانية أحياناً عن شيء مستحيل أو شيء مناقض للواقع

متشابهات If	
- If =	as long as = in case = provided (that) = providing = only if + جملة كاملة

- If she comes, they will welcome her.
- As long as she comes, they will welcome her.
- (in case) أحياناً تدل على حدوث جواب الشرط قبل فعل الشرط
- I will take some traveller's cheque with me in case I run out of cash.
- I will take the umbrella in case it rains. (I will take it before it rains)

(اسم) + ing + with = by = in the event of = in case of	
--	--

- In the event of making noise, I will dismiss you.
- In case of her coming, I will welcome her.
- In case of rain, we will cancel the match.
- لا حظ الكلمات الآتية ومعناها والا (else / or / otherwise) :
- You must take your umbrella, or (otherwise) you will get wet.
- You should study hard or (else) you will fail
- If you don't study hard, you will fail

Without / But for + noun اسم = If it + isn't + for + noun	
---	--

- Without (but for) your help, I will die.
- If it isn't for your help, I will die
- في الحالة الثانية من قاعدة (If) بدلاً من (were / Had ? Should) يمكن استخدام
- Had I new suit, I would go to the party
- Were I rich, I would help them.
- Should it be fine, I would go out.
- Were he to study hard, he would pass the exam.

زمن الماضي التام Past perfect tense

يُتكوّن الماضي التام من : (التصريف الثالث Had + pp) وفي المبني للمجهول يتكوّن من (had been + pp)

- He discovered that he had lost his wallet . الماضي التام هو فعل حدث قبل فعل ماضي
- She was crying because she had lost her mobile.
- Samir found the pen which he had lost .
- She thanked me for what I had done for her

قواعد يأتي بعدها ماضي تام ثم ماضي بسيط أو العكس

ماضي بسيط + ماضي تام + (After / as soon as / once / the moment / when)

- As soon as (once) I had finished studying, I played football.
- After (the moment) he had watched TV, he went to bed.

ماضي تام + ماضي بسيط - Before / by the time

- Before he went to bed, he had watched TV.
- Before he arrived, she had cooked lunch.
- By the time I sent the letter, I had written it.
- By six o'clock , I had seen the match. عند وجود فعل واحد (By)

٣ - إذا لم يأتي بعد After /before فاعل فيأتي بعدهم (v + ing)

- After reading the book, he gave it to me. - Before sleeping, he had eaten..
- When ----- ماضي بسيط ----- ماضي بسيط ----- ماضي تام ----- ماضي تام
- When I had arrived at the station , the train left so I caught it .
- When I arrived at the station , the train had left so I missed it

ماضي تام (till / until) ماضي بسيط منفي (didn't / wasn't)

- He didn't go out till he had taken the money
- We didn't eat until our father had arrived.
- The accused man wasn't released until he had proven his innocence.
- دائما منفي بل قد تكون الجملة أحيانا مثبتة : till/until لا يكون الماضي البسيط قبل
- ♣ He stayed in bed until half past nine. ♣ I waited until he changed his clothes.
- ♣ She refused to help her mother until she had finished her work.

ماضي بسيط that ماضي تام It wasn't until he had slept that we I	ماضي بسيط that ماضي تام It was only when he had died that I faint
-It wasn't until 1960s that TV was invented	-It was only when he had left that I was sad

٢ - يأتي الماضي التام والماضي البسيط مع التعبيرات الآتية ومعناها (لم يكـ حتى

♦ No sooner ----- than --/ (Scarcely – Barely – Hardly) ----- when -----

- He had no sooner arrived than the train left.
- She had hardly studied when she slept.
- ولكن إذا طلب أن نبدأ بـ (No sooner/Hardly/Scarcely) فإننا نقدم had علي الفاعل
- No sooner had he arrived than the train left.
- Hardly had she studied when she slept.

لم يكـ --- حتى (No sooner –than / (hardly = barely = scarcely ----- when)

- He had no sooner arrived than the train left. -She had hardly studied when she slept.
- لفاعل (had) نقدم (No sooner/Hardly/Scarcely/ Barely) ولكن إذا بدأت الجملة بـ

- ♣ No sooner had he arrived than the train left
- ♣ Hardly had she studied when she slept

Before that = after : I watched the match on TV but before that I had done my homework.

After that = Before : She had cooked lunch and after that she set the table .

- ♣ الفعل الذي حدث أولا ماضي تام , I realised that I had lost my keys ,
- ♣ On seeing the robber , I called the police. (on) الفعل + (ing)
- ♦ On seeing the snake , the child called screamed.
- ♦ On reaching the airport , Ali found out that he had left one of his suitcases at home.
- ♦ Having + pp ماضي بسيط , التصريف الثالث

The past simple tense الماضي البسيط

يتكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاني للفعل بإضافة (ed) للفعل العادي وحفظ الأفعال الشاذة

Yesterday / ago / last / once / one day / in the past / in 2017 / the other day / in ancient times
 - ومع ناس ماتوا أو انتهوا مثل (ancient Egyptians – the pharaohs – the Mongol Army)

- ١ - يعبر الماضي البسيط عن حدث انتهى في الماضي
 We studied French last week
- ٢ - يعبر عن عادة في الماضي.
 Ahmed used to play tennis, when he was young
- ٣ - وصف أحداث في سرد قصة
 Sara found a bag ,then she went to the police.
- ٤ - في الحالة الثانية من أسلوب الشرط. (If)
 Last summer I went to Alexandria and I swam in the sea every day .
- ٥ - يستخدم مع التعبيرات الآتية ويعتبر ماضي غير حقيقي
 If he helped us, we would win

ماضي بسيط (بدلا من المضارع) + فاعل + I wish / if only – It's time- I'd rather+

- ♦ I wish Ali played well.
- ♦ I wish she was with us now .
- ♦ If only she were here now
- ♦ It's time Amira arrived.
- ♦ It's time you got up .
- ♦ I would rather she helped him.
- ♦ I'd rather he went home early.

(ing) أو (noun) + He had the habit + المصدر = It was his habit to+ المصدر = Used to+

- I used to play tennis = It was my habit to play tennis
- My father used to smoke heavily . Now he doesn't (any more / any longer)
- He used to be late but now he isn't (any more / any longer)
- She used to make noise but now she no longer makes noise
- My friend didn't use to pray regularly but now he does

(اسم) أو (ing) + used to+ (be – get – become)

- ♦ I was used to reading detective stories
- ♦ Are you used to this loud music ?
- ♦ I became used to getting up late
- ♦ She gets used to eating fruit and vegetables

الماضي البسيط في المبني للمجهول يتكون

ويتكون من (was / were + pp) في المبني للمجهول

- ▶▶ A new school was built in the village last year.
- ▶▶ Naguib Mahfouz was awarded the Noble Prize for literature in 1988
- ▶▶ Jane Eyre was sent to live at Lowood School.
- ▶▶ A brave young man was saved the old man from the fire.
- ▶▶ Ahmed was told not to arrive late.
- ▶▶ Unluckily, my car wasn't repaired yesterday.
- ▶▶ Adele was taught by Jane Eyre

الماضي التام في المبني للمجهول يتكون من

-Past perfect (had been + pp)

- ▶▶ The bread had not been made before we went to bed.
- ▶▶ As soon as the flat had been furnished , we lived in it .
- ▶▶ After the bank had been robbed , the police investigated the robbery
- ▶▶ I found out that my wallet had been stolen .

-Having been+ pp

- ▶▶ Having been arrested , the criminal was sent to prison.
- ▶▶ Having been insulted , he got angry.

Choose the correct answer from a,b,c,d

- 1-You..... look at the sun. It is bad for your eyes !
a-wouldn't b mustn't c should d must
- 2-It is inadvisable to watch too much TV. You do so.
a-shouldn't b-should c-mustn't d-must
- 3- You.....park here. It's forbidden.
a-shouldn't b-should c-mustn't d-must
- 4- It's.....to study hard for exams.
a. necessary b. necessity c must d. a must
- 5-You.....revise for the exam. it's my advice.
a. must b. should c. Mustn't revise d. Shouldn't vise
- 6-You.....spend much time watching TV. It's a waste of time.
a.should b. must c. can d. shouldn't
- 7-Look after your possessions. Youleave them on a bus or train.
a. should b. must c. have to d. shouldn't
- 8-You read this new story; it's recommended.
a. should b. must c. ought d. mustn't
9. Yourun next to the swimming pool. You might fall over.
a) mustn't b) must c) should d) oughtn't
10. You take along some cash. The restaurant may not accept credit cards.
a) mustn't b) should c) has to d) needn't
11. This is a dangerous tour. Children..... be accompanied by an adult.
a) shouldn't b) should c) mustn't d) must
- 12.We haven't got much time. We hurry.
a) should to b) must c) don't have to d) has to
- 13.No one.....break the law.
a.should b. shouldn't c. must d mustn't
- 14-We to have different bins everywhere for food waste.
a) should b) must c) ought d) mustn't
- 15- There's a lot of dust on the bookshelf. You clean your room more often.
a) should b) must c) need d) have
- 16- You talk when the teacher is explaining things to you.
a) should b) must c) oughtn't d) mustn't
- 17-You eat food after it falls on the floor.
a) should b) must c) shouldn't d) mustn't
- 18- It's better your keyboard frequently.
a) clean b) cleaning c) to clean d) to cleaning
- 19- You drive a car without holding a driving licence. It's against the law.
a) oughtn't b) needn't c) shouldn't d) mustn't
- 20- It'sto wash your hands very carefully with soap and a lot of water.
a) banned b) desirable c) forbidden d) prohibited
- 21-You throw away food if you think it is bad or poisonous.
a) mustn't b) ought c) shouldn't d) must
- 22-You'd better a first class ticket to travel by train.
a) get b) getting c) to get d) gets
- 23- It isn't to walk on the grass. Never do it.
a) banned b) forbidden c) prohibited d) allowed
- 24-I advise you so many sweets.
a) to eat b) eating c) not to eat d) not eating
- 25- It's to go to the gym more often to keep fit.
a) advise b) advice c) advisable d) advising

- 26- There is a "No Smoking " sign. We..... smoke here.
a-shouldn't b-should c-mustn't d-must
- 27- Drivers stop their cars when the traffic lights are red .
a-shouldn't b-should c-mustn't d-must
28. Children....play with matches. It's dangerous.
a. must b. mustn't c. should d.shoudn't
- 29.You drive a car without holding a driving licence. It's against the law.
a. shouldn't b. mustn't c must d. should
30. You take photos here; it's a military area.
a must b mustn't c needn't d shouldn't
- 31.You try my sister's cake now. It's really delicious!
a needn't b should to c must d mustn't
- 32- Is it a/an to take this medicine?
a advice b unnecessary c necessary d must
- 33-My sister made a cake. You try it. It's lovely!
a-ought b-should to c-have to d-must
- 34.When driving, you always stop at the red light
a-shouldn't b-should c-mustn't d-must
- 35- To drive a car, oneget a license first .
a-shouldn't b-should c-mustn't d-must
- 36 You talk when the teacher is explaining things to you.
a must b mustn't c should d shouldn't to
- 37You wash your hands after working in the garden.
a. ought b. mustn't c. should d.shoudn't
- 38 You eat food after it falls on the floor.
a must b mustn't c can't d shouldn't to
- 39- you.....to take part in the conference.
a- should b- 'd better c- ought d- must
- 40- If you watch too much television, you..... your eyes.
a will damage b would damage c won't damage d would have damaged
- 41- If you..... red and green paint, you get brown paint.
a mixed b will mix c had mixed d mix
- 42- If Ahmed had read that book, he..... what happened at the end.
a knew b will know c would know d would have known
- 43- If I went to London, I..... my English every day!
a practise b will practice c would practise d would have practised
- 44-I won't go to the park if you..... with me.
a not come b don't come c didn't come d hadn't come
- 45- Hassan has worked hard for the test. I'll be surprised if he.....
a doesn't pass b isn't passing c hadn't passed d won't pass
- 46- If I went to Australia, I..... my cousins.
a will see b saw c would see d had seen
- 47- Adel..... bought that phone if it hadn't been so expensive.
a might b might have c will have d had
- 48- I would have that mobile if I enough money.
a had had b had c have had d would have
- 49- What..... If you got lost in a big city?
a you would do b did you do c would you do d you did
- 50- What if your passport ? – Surely, I'd inform the police.
a had stolen b had been stolen c stole d was stolen
- 51- Iron if you leave it in the open air.
a rust b will rust c rusts d would rust

52- Contact the ambulance if there.....an accident.

a was b is c were d will be

53- My friend helped me well. If he ...supportive, I wouldn't have been able to solve the problem.

a hadn't done b had done c had been d hadn't been

54- if omar.....all his money, he would have to borrow.

a-spends b- spent c- had spent d-was spending

55- I will go to Alex if so, Iyou.

a contact b will be contacted c will contact d would contact

56- help me if I were in trouble?

a Will you b Would you c Did you d Can you

57- If youmore careful, you would have minimized your mistakes.

a had been b were c had d had had

58- I go to the club, if I have time. I haven't decided yet.

a would b may c should d have to

59- If she read the news, she shocked to read about the terrible accident.

a is b will be c would be d were

60- If the problem well, we would reach a reasonable solution.

a discussed b was discussed c had discussed d had been discussed

61- Amira always stays inside if itvery hot outside.

a is b be c was d would be

62- If Basel reallyto become an engineer, he would study harder.

a had wanted b wants c wanted d has wanted

63-If it is cold this month , our plants

a-die b-will die c-would die d-had died

64-If it cold, our plants would die.

a-is b-had been c-was d-had

65-- If those goats eat the bark on my trees, the trees

a-die b- would die c- have died d- will die

66- If water freezes, it.....into ice.

a-will turn b-would turn c- turns d-turned

67-If people hadn't grown enough food, they.....ill.

a-will become b- would become c- become d-would have become

68-If it went on raining for much longer, the river

a-will flood b-would flood c-would have flooded d-floods

69- If the farmer's fields get very dry this summer, he.....them.

a- irrigates b- will irrigate c- would irrigate d- would have irrigate

70-if you heat ice, it.....

a-would melt b-melted c-melts d-will melt

71-If there is a sandstorm tonight, the town full of sand tomorrow.

a-is b-would be c-will be d-would have been

72-If you mix yellow and blue, you.....green.

a-would get b-got c-will get d-get

73-If you heat water, it

a-will boil b-would boil c- boils d-boiled

74-If I read in bed, I asleep. It's a habit.

a-could fall b-fall c-falling d-would fail

75-Tarek is ill. If he's better tomorrow, he.....to school.

a-will come b-would come c-comes d-come

76-If I were rich, I a palace!

a- built b-would build c-will built d- would have built

77-If Egypt had a lot of rain, it a lot more trees.

a-might have b-will have c-had had d-may have

78-If you had gone to the sports club, you Ali.

- a-could see b-will see c-saw d-would have seen
- 79-If scientists study the rings of trees, they information about our climate in the past.
a-would find b-would have found c-can find d-found
- 80-Hussein..... reading his book if he didn't fall asleep.
a-would finish b-wouldn't finish c-will finish d-wouldn't have finished
- 81-if I had written work, Iit
a-would do b-will do c-would have done d-did
- 82-If Nihal watches frightening films, shenight.
a- does not sleep b- will not sleep c-wouldn't sleep d-didn't sleep
- 83-If you pick those apples now, they very sweet.
a-won't taste b-doesn't taste c-wouldn't taste d-didn't taste
- 84-Water if the temperature is zero or below.
a-would freeze b-freezes c-can freeze d-will freeze
- 85-Ia headache if I spend too long on the computer.
a-could get b-will get c-get d-would get
- 86-If she trains hard, she next week's race.
a-wins b-would win c-will win d-win
- 87-if you practise a sport, you.....better at it.
a-could get b-will get c-get d-would get
- 88-if you practise a sport, you.....in the sports team.
a- get b-will get c-would have got d-would get
- 89-If you read quickly, you quickly too.
a-learn b-learned c-would learn d-might learn
- 90-If you read quickly, youthe book by tomorrow.
a-would finish b-will finish c-finish d-would have finished
- 91- If you can't dictate your conditions, you..... negotiate.
a- will b- should c- need d- ought
- 92- If there's a lot of rain during the year, the rings.....quite wide.
a- are b- would be c- will be d- shall be
- 93-if we plant trees, then we.....cleaner air.
a-will be having b-have c-will have d-will have had
- 94- If our heart stops working, death soon
a. follow b. will follow c. follows d. followed
- 95-Nabila always..... her mother if she has too much to do.
a-will help b- won't help c- would help d-helps
- 96- Kamal an English person before he met my friend Jack.
a. did not meet b. has not met c. won't meet d. had not met
- 97-when I woke up, my father.....so I didn't see him.
a-left b-had left c-had been leaving d-has left
- 98) "Did you go to the party?" - No, I..... . 2016
a. didn't invite b. hadn't invited c. wasn't invited d. invited
- 99) I turned off the light before to bed.
a. go b. going c. went d. to go
- 101-As soon as I got to the station, I realised that I my train.
a) had missed b) missed c) have missed d) miss
- 102- No sooner the noise than we rushed to the spot.
a. had we heard b. did we hear c. we had heard d. we did hear
- 103-Ali always.....to work when he was young.
a-walked b-walks c-had worked d-was walking
- 104- Having the visa, I booked a flight to Canada.
a received b had received c to receive d receiving
- 105-- As soon as I saw the accident, I the ambulance.
a phone b will phone c had phoned d phoned

106. I.....my own computer for three years before anything went wrong with it.
a) had b) have c) had had d) was having
- 107-After the hotel, we asked for lunch.
a) reaching b) had reached c) reached d) reaches
27.seen the accident, we called the police.
a. After b. On c. Before d. Having
- 108-. Before the thief was discovered, he many things from the flat
a. had stolen b. had been stolen c. has stolen d. has been stolen
- 109- When we got to the show, unfortunately all seats.....
a. took b. were taking c. had taken d. had been taken
110. After I heard that I the exam, I phoned my dad.
a. passed b. was passing c. has passed d. had passed
111. He..... punished for his mistakes until his father had arrived home.
a. Wasn't b. Didn't c. Couldn't d. hadn't
112. -.....leaving the shop I remembered that I had forgotten my wallet there
a. Before b. After c. When d. as
113. When we saw the hotel, we that it was a great place for a holiday
a. have known b. had known c. knew d. were knowing
114. I had finished all my work before.....the company.
a. left b. had left c. Having left d. leaving
115. Hardly had the match started.....it began to rain.
a. when b. that c. then d. than
- 116-.....drinking some juice, I had eaten a sandwich.
a. Before b. After c. By the time d. Having
- 117- The injured men were carried and.....to hospital by the ambulance
a. Were taken b. had taken c. taken d. took
- 118-After my work.....done. I had a break.
a. had b. had had c. had been d. having had
- 119-He..... for his mistakes until his father had arrived home.
a. hadn't punished b. Didn't punish c. won't punish d. Wasn't punished
- 120-Hassan money from Ali because he had left his money at home.
a) borrows b) had borrowed c) borrowed d) was borrowing
- 121-When we arrived home, we saw that our lights left on.
a) have been b) was c) had d) had been
- 122- Children from rich familiesat home by a governess.
a. had taught b- taught c-were teaching d-were taught
- 123-I.....a lovely big cake on my last birthday.
a. gave b- was given c-had given d-given
- 124-Governesses often employed by rich families.
a. were b- was c-had d-did
- 125.He lots of friends when he went to school.
a. have already made b. has already made c. had already made d. already made
- 126.sheto a boarding school after she had upset Mrs Reed and her cousin John.
a. sends b- had sent c-was sent d-sent
- 127-I always breakfast before I went to school.
a-was eating b- had eaten c-eat d-ate
- 128.We a solution to the problem until we had discussed it.
a haven't reached b. hadn't reached c. don't reach d. didn't reach
- 129.Mona remembered she a TV programme about online learning last week.
a) had watched b) has watched c) watched d) was watched

130. The girls were cold at the school because the head teacherno money to keep it warm.
a) had spent b) has spent c) spent d) was spending
131. Unluckily, my car yesterday.
a) doesn't repair b) wasn't repaired c) didn't repair d) hadn't repair
132. As soon as I knew my friend was sick, I him.
a) visit b) will visit c) had visited d) visited
133. Mrs Reed made Jane Eyre stay in a bedroom because she with her cousin.
a) had fought b) has fought c) fought d) fights
134. After Jane had arrived, she..... that the headmaster at Lowood School was a cruel person.
a) was realised b) realised c) had realised d) will realise
135. I didn't go to school until I breakfast.
a) have b) had c) have had d) had had
136. I returned the book to the library when I it.
a) will read b) had read c) was reading d) have read
137. If there is a fire,the firemen.
a) don't call b) call c) will call d) must call
138. If there were a storm, I wouldn't go swimming, but there
a) is b) isn't c) aren't d) weren't
139. If you had taken my advice, youin hospital now.
a) won't be b) would be c) wouldn't be d) 'd have been
140. If ice, it melts.
a) heat b) heats c) is heated d) heated
141. If there is heavy rain, I at home. It is habitual.
a) stay b) stays c) 'd stay d) 'm staying
142. there is heavy rain, I remain indoors.
a) When b) Unless c) Except if d) Without
143. If you desire to improve your English, you had betterto native speakers.
a) speak b) spoke c) to speak d) speaks
144. If you desire to improve your English, you oughtto native speakers.
a) speak b) spoke c) to speak d) speaking
145. If you are free,mind buying me the paper?
a) shall you b) would you c) you would d) may you
146. Ifof Egyptian cotton, I'll buy that shirt.
a) make b) makes c) made d) is made
147. To employ means to takesomeone to do a certain job.
a) on b) in c) at d) off
148. Closing the factory would be ablow to this community.
a) bowl b) cruel c) toil d) foil
149. A housekeeper is a person whose job is to clean someone's house and sometimesmeals.
a) cook b) cooks c) prepares d) makes
150. There are some children who have beenby wars.
a) orphaning b) orphanage c) orphaned d)

follow your Dream Don't stop

No Gain without Pain

-Complete the following with a word in each space

1-If you do want to go swimming, you (1)..... take the following precautions. first, try to avoid (2)..... between ten in the morning and two in the afternoon. These are the times when the sun is the strongest .It may also (3)a good idea to apply a sun protection lotion when you go out in the sun. Remember(4)apply it to your body except for your eyes

2-When I was young, there were several things I didn't realise. It(1).....only when I was twelve (2).....I knew there were no people inside a TV set, and that (3).....was a moving picture. (4).....that I used to ask myself how these people had entered into the television .

3-My father is my role-model, he (1).....advises me to study and that I(2)...do my best in my study ...(3).....achieve my dream to be a doctor , in fact , I(4)....respect him and obey his advice .

4-You (1)..... brush your teeth twice (2) day: after breakfast and before you go (3) bed. This certainly will (4) you to have healthy teeth and live a healthy life.

5-The difficulty of getting people to pay attention to the problem of rising sea levels is that it often has to compete with, (a), news of rising food prices or an increase in violent crime. (b), you are likely to worry about flooding in the future if, in the meantime, you can't afford to eat or you're about to be shot. (c), most of us don't live anywhere near the sea. (d), why should we worry about it?

6-Experts say that it's most important (1)..... wash our hands regularly. If we touch animals, we (2)..... wash our hands, and we need to use a tissue when we sneeze to stop the bacteria spreading in the air. They suggest (3)..... plastic chopping boards and giving (4)..... an extra clean once a week. We should replace kitchen sponges every two weeks.

7. These are some (1).....the rules of hygiene. You (2)..... always wash your hands before a meal. You should bathe more often in hot weather or (3)..... you have been running or been to the gym. You should also (4)..... very careful with the food you eat and the water you drink

8-When I was young, there were several things I didn't realise. It(1).....only when I was twelve (2).....I knew there were no people inside a TV set, and that (3).....was a moving picture. (4).....that I used to ask myself how these people had entered into the television .

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9-My son (1)..... very ill yesterday, so I took him to the hospital where he was examined. the doctor (2)..... examined him was so clever. he told me that my son was quite well. he (3)..... him some medicine which I bought from a pharmacy. it was full (4)..... parents whose children were sick and needed medicine.

10- Mohammed Salah is a successful footballer. (1).....he travelled to play in Europe, he (2)..... played for Al-Mokavvelon Al-Ara. (3).....greatest success started when he played for Liverpool, He also won African player of the year twice, (4).....2017 and 2018

11-Driving is a very common and necessary activity that we (a)do without in our daily lives. We (b)obey all the traffic rules. We(c)drive too fast or exceed the limited speed. We (d)drive carelessly to avoid accidents.

12-Teaching is..... (a)very hard profession with..... (b)stress and many pressures. No one..... (c)bear it unless they have great skills and endurance. However, it is a noble message as it aims (d) preparing new generations for the future.

13-Women are our partners in life. We (a) deny their vital role whether as wives, mothers or employees. They (b) proved that we can't dispense with them at all. Women's rights (c) be respected. We (d) ignore them in any way. A civilized society has to deal both sexes equally.

14-Youth are our real treasures on whom we (a) depend to establish our modern country. To (b) a balanced, civilized society, we are (c) make use of the experience of the old and the enthusiasm of the young. It is (d)to benefit from their efforts.

15-Life depends on water. (1).....the sun shines on seas and oceans, some of (2).....water evaporates. When water vapour rises into the sky, there are clouds. These clouds turn into rain. (3).....for the rain, there would (4).....no fresh water for people, animals and plants.

16-Rodayna likes English because of her teacher, Mr Mohammed. But (1).....her teacher, she (2).....have hated it. (3)..... Mr Mohammed were a good teacher, he wouldn't have made(4).....like English.

Translation

No Gain without Pain

(A) Translate into Arabic

1- Our age is the age of atom, space and medical achievements. Therefore, conferences are held to apply and make use of these achievements.

2- The task of reforming the system of education in Egypt is essential. Through a sound educational system, we can prepare successful generations of citizens.

3- . Terrorism has no religion as it kills any human and destroys and burns societies with no distinction so it must be fought everywhere

4- . We cannot make real progress unless we use modern technology in all fields of production. Only when we do that, will we be able to call ourselves as being progressive.

5- Parents are responsible for instilling values and morals in the spirits of their children so that they can become good citizens when they grow up.

6- Poverty and social problems may cause some children to live in the streets and become homeless. These children need the help and support of the society..

7- We have to cope with the technologically developed methods of cultivation. Modern methods of rice cultivation result in big improvement in production. No longer are the traditional methods efficient in this respect.

8- Communication has become easier and the chance for individuals to obtain mass information at a great speed has become available. This has resulted in a feverish race among nations to obtain advanced technology.

9- Great efforts are exerted to develop the industry of information technology as it is the language which the world is communicating with at present and for long years to come.

10- The internet is used everywhere for many different purposes. It is used by professionals to exchange information. It is also used by amateurs to write or chat to each other electronically.

No Gain without Pain

11- Egypt is stepping giant steps towards modernization. This needs a lot of new criteria and measures. We should take this into consideration, particularly in our educational system.

12- We must unite and put an end to the problem of overpopulation that affects our country badly. Some of these problems are the rising of unemployment and the rising of living costs..

13- Scientific research is important for the development of our country so the state should adopt Egyptian researchers. The state should spend more money on research and development..

14- . The media contributes to guiding public opinions towards the importance of culture and science in the development of any nation. The media has always been a huge contributor to many aspects.

15- . There is no value to man without work, but a lot of work leads to tension and nervous breakdown. It was said that work was life, without it you don't survive.

(B) Translate into English

١- المواطن الصالح هو الشخص الذي يكرس وقته وجهده لبلاده ، ويضحى بنفسه من أجل كرامتها ورفاهيتها

٢- إن ثروة مصر الحقيقية تكمن في مواردها البشرية و إبداع شبابها و تميزه في كافة المجالات

٣- تلعب التكنولوجيا الحديثة دورا حيويا في التعليم ، لذلك زودت المدارس بأجهزة الكمبيوتر والمعامل الحديثة

٤- الانفجار السكاني مشكلة تواجه الدول النامية وهى تعوق تقدمها خاصة عندما تكون مواردها الطبيعية محدودة

٥- الفساد آفة تصيب المجتمع وتعوق قدمه ونموه لذا ينبغي محاربته فى كافة المؤسسات الحكومية وغير الحكومية

٦- التدريس من اهم المهن فى المجتمع لذا تقدر الدولة دور المعلم جيدا وتسعى جاهدة لرفع دخله وتنمية قدراته.

٧- يحذر الخبراء من الاستخدام المفرط للتليفون المحمول وخاصة من جانب الشباب ، لأن ذلك قد يؤدي الى مشاكل صحية ونفسية

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اجتماعية خطيرة.

٨- يعتقد الكثير من الناس أن الصحف الورقية ستختفى في غضون سنوات قليلة بسبب اعتماد الناس على مواقع الانترنت للحصول على الأخبار.

٩- تحقق أفلام الخيال العلمي وأفلام الحركة أرباحاً كبيرة في جميع أنحاء العالم بسبب إعجاب الشباب بها لأنها تجذب اهتمام من يبحث دائماً عن الإثارة والمتعة.

١٠- للأنشطة الرياضية والفنية والاجتماعية دوراً هاماً في العملية التعليمية لذا يجب أن تكون جزءاً أساسياً في أي منهج وذلك لأنها تجعل المدرسة مكاناً جذاباً.

١١- رغم فوائدها العديدة، فإن مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي أحياناً تتسبب في نشر الشائعات وخلق الفوضى في المجتمع لذا يحذر الخبراء من الاستخدام السيئ لها

١٢- يجب علينا أن نستخدم أحدث التكنولوجيا في جميع مجالات الإنتاج في مصر لكي نفي بمعايير التصدير المطلوبة في كثير من دول العالم

١٣- لحل مشكلة الجوع ونقص الغذاء يجب على الدول المتقدمة أن تساهم في تنمية مصادر الغذاء في الدول الفقيرة لمساعدتها في توفير الغذاء لمواطنيها

١٤- مع كل عصر جديد من المشروعات يثبت المصريون أنهم قادرون على تحقيق المعجزات التي يعجز عنها كثير من شعوب العالم

١٥- الحياة في معسكرات الشباب لها فوائد عظيمة فهي تعلمهم التعاون والاعتماد على النفس والتضحية من أجل الآخرين

١٦- من الصعب زيارة الكثير من الأماكن في مصر لأنها معزولة وبعيدة جداً لذا يجب توفير مواصلات آمنة للوصول إليها أو إنشاء فنادق بالقرب منها

١٧- يجب أن يهدف التعليم الحديث إلى تنمية الذكاء والإبداع لدى الطالب حتى يَصْبِحَ مواطناً قادراً على مواجهة تحديات المستقبل والارتقاء بوطنه إلى مصاف الدول المتقدمة.

Paragraph Writing No Gain without Pain

A – Introduction sentence

جملة المقدمة

– حاول بقدر الامكان ان تكون جملة المقدمة بسيطة وغير معقدة التركيب لغوياً او نحوياً ويمكنك كتابة جملة مقدمة ليست في صلب الموضوع مباشرة ولكن لها علاقة بما سيتم كتابته وتكون افتتاحاً لما هو قادم

مثال : اذا كان المطلوب كتابة موضوع عن public libraries قبل ان نتحدث عن المكتبات العامة نفسها (فوائدها – اهميتها – دور الدولة ...) نسال انفسنا سؤالاً او اثنين

١- لماذا يذهب الناس للمكتبات العامة ؟ ٢- لماذا تشجع الدولة وتساعد في انشاء المكتبات العامة)

فنجد ان الاجابة عن هذين السؤالين لهما علاقة مباشرة بالقراءة واهميتها في الحياة من حيث زيادة المعلومات ونشر الوعي والمعرفة بكل ما يدور في جميع انحاء العالم فنكتب جملة مقدمة تكون بهذا الشكل

Reading is a very important way to enrich people's knowledge and information about what is happening all over the world .

مثال ٢ : موضوع How to save energy (كيفية توفير الطاقة) قبل ان نبدأ في الموضوع مباشرة ونتحدث عن الوسائل التي يجب اتباعها لتوفير الطاقة نسال انفسنا سؤال

(لماذا يجب ان نوفر الطاقة) او (ما اهمية الطاقة في حياتنا)

نجد ان الاجابة يمكن تلخيصها في ان كل الكائنات الحية والالات والمعدات يلزمها طاقة لتتحرك وتعمل وتنتج .

No one can deny the vital role which energy plays in all forms of life .Every thing we use depends on energy , so we can't imagine our life in the absence of energy .

B – Body

جسم الموضوع

١- لابد من تقسيم الموضوع لافكار رئيسية (نلخصها في كلمة او اثنين) ويخرج من تحت كل فكرة رئيسية افكار فرعية تمثل الجمل التي سنقوم بكتابتها داخل الموضوع ويمكن ايضاً استخدام كلمات الافكار الرئيسية لتكوين جمل افتتاحية لجمل الافكار الفرعية .

مثال : موضوع مثل Unemployment (البطالة) يمكن تحديد افكاره الرئيسية في ٣ نقاط وهي

الاسباب – المخاطر – اقتراحات الحل

وذلك لانه يصنف كموضوع مشكلة نواجهها ونعاني منها في الحياة

- Causes - increased number of the graduates - few hob opportunities are available .
- Effects - increase the average of crimes - Youths resort to drugs
- Solutions - build new cities to create more jobs - give youth money to start small projects

مثال ٢ : موضوع How to keep fit (كيفية الحفاظ علي اللياقة)

- The importance of keeping fit - protect ourselves from diseases - be active and ready for work

- Ways of keeping fit - do sports regularly - eating healthy food

* بتحديد العناصر وتقسيم جسم الموضوع لجزئيات وافكار يمكنك التغلب علي نقطة عدم وجود جمل للكتابة داخل الموضوع وتتمكن من كتابة جمل حتى لو كانت بسيطة

C- Conclusion

الخاتمة

تكون الخاتمة غالباً عبارة عن تذكير لما تم ذكره في المقدمة الموجودة في الموضوع وتأكيداً لما جاء في بعض الافكار داخل الموضوع

– اذا كان الموضوع عبارة عن مشكلة تكون تذكيراً بخطورتها واهمية ايجاد حل لها

– اذا كان الموضوع موضوع عام تكون تذكيراً بضرورته في الحياة واهمية الحفاظ عليه واستخدامه بالشكل الامثل

– اذا كان الموضوع عن مزايا وعيوب شيء ما نذكر بضرورة تجنب وتقليل العيوب بقدر الامكان مع الاستفادة من المزايا .

جمل هامة يمكن الاستعانة بها عند كتابة الـ paragraph

No Gain without Pain

- 1- In fact this subject is of great importance that is worth mentioning .
- 2- plays an important part in our life .
- 3- It's a double edged weapon .
- 4- It's a mixed blessing .
- 5- has a lot of advantages and disadvantages .
- 6- It 's the backbone of
- 7- We can't do without
- 8- By hook or by crook = By all possible means .
- 9- In the field of (education / medicine / tourism.)
- 10- We should - do our best - start campaign against - make great efforts
- 11- We should fight for ... (freedom / independence / a better future ...)
- 12- Our duty is to- spread health awareness - learn foreign language - raise the standard of living
 - reclaim the desert -eliminate illiteracy - make full use of - pave the way for
- 15- We should put an end to..... (violence – terrorism – extremism – pollution – racial discrimination – fanaticism – the problem of unemployment
- 16- It's important to note that
- 17 – We have to take into account that
- 18- It's worth saying that
- 19- Generally speaking , = by and large
- 20 – There is no doubt that
- 21- In the course of the last years ,
- 22- all over the world
- 23- thanks to science and technology
- 24 - Great progress will be made in the field of
- 25- with the help of we can lead a happy and comfortable life .
- 26- for the good of society .
- 27- to get foreign currency
- 28- helps us to keep in touch with.....
- 29- Can you imagine life in the absence of?
- 30- In fact, it's impossible to lead a happy life without
- 31- The youth have to respond to
- 32- we look forward to the time when peace prevails
- 33- is one of the chief sources of wealth
- 34- they should be ready to sacrifice their lives .
- 35-It plays an essential role in our life .
- 36- It goes without saying that a country doesn't achieve development or program without depending on (Science – culture – knowledge – modern invention)
- 37– The outlook to the future mustn't be gloomy or dark. We hope it will be secure and promising
- 38- Indeed, nothing is more important, useful, interesting than

No Gain without Pain

A " The positive topic " الموضوع الإيجابي "

is considered a topic of great importance that's why we shouldالعنوان....In fact play(s) an important role in ourالعنوان.....give attention to it . We all agree that has (have) positive الموضوع عنوان life nowadays .As a result of this, we can say that effects on us and it is clear that it may lead us to a better life. Hence, it is necessary for us to do our best to benefit from it by all possible means .To shed more light on that , I can say that we should double our efforts to achieve what we want .Briefly, we can say that if we put hand in hand and unite, we can develop it and enjoy our need(s) a great interest عنوان life more and more. At last, not at least, we can say that from us as our life is nothing in the absence of

B) The Negative topic " الموضوع السلبي "

is (are) considered one of the most serious problems العنوان It is a given fact that that we face in our life. It is clear that ,there are many causes that lead to this problem like carelessness and greed . This problem has serious effects on us because it may lead to other serious problems . Therefore, we should do our best to solve and avoid this problem by all possible means. From my point of view, this problem can be solved easily. This can be done by several ways such as co-operation, spreading national awareness among citizens and hard work. Briefly, if we follow these suggested solutions, this problem will be solved sooner or later and we will be able .to lead a happy life free from problems

C) The advantages and disadvantages topic " موضوع المزايا والعيوب "

It is known thatis a mixed blessing because it has some advantages and some disadvantages . First for all, I would like to start with its advantages. One of them, it is very useful when we use it in a good way like..... It will have another advantage if it is used in... On the other hand, it will have some disadvantages if it is used in a wrong way for example, some people use it in a wrong way such asand..... This will surely have a bad effect on us .Therefore, It is advisable to do our best to avoid its disadvantages and we should benefit from its advantages to lead a peaceful, happy and safe life free from problems.

Modern inventions the internet No Gain without Pain

It is clear that we are living at the age of the internet. The internet is one of the . It is of great الاتصالات of telecommunications وسائل فعالة most effective means in our daily life. This is because of several reasons. Firstly, it helps us فائدة benefits abroad. Secondly, it provides اقارب to communicate with our friends and relatives . Thirdly, it makes us in touch موضوعات different information on different subjects all over the world. Fourthly, الاحداث الجارية the latest current events ب على اتصال with it enables us to do our shopping without travelling. Fifthly, we can play games on the internet with foreign friends.

In addition to that, the internet helps us to make new friends everywhere. It has become easy for everyone to log onto the internet. The youth are crazy about it everywhere.

In spite of that, the internet is of many disadvantages. It can waste our time and our young men because it shows them some bad يفسد our money. It can spoil of the western countries. Thus, it can destroy our تقاليد and traditions عادات customs families. To sum up , the internet is like a knife with which we can cut an apple to eat or kill someone .

Healthy & Safty

Would you like to live a longer life? To live longer, you must keep your body healthy, and I have some suggestions for you. First you must eat healthy foods that will provide necessary protein, vitamins, and carbohydrates. You should not eat food that contains fats and cholesterol because they clog your arteries and cause heart attacks. Proper diet can help to keep your body healthy.

The second important requirement is regular exercise. You should exercise every day. You might jog or lift weights to keep your body healthy and active. The third and most important point is, not to take illegal drugs. Drugs can ruin your life and the lives of your family. You should not smoke, and you should not take heroin. By keeping your body healthy now while you are young, you could live longer, and you might enjoy life more.

Good Education

No Gain without Pain

As you get older you develop a theory of getting a good education. Getting a good education depends on the person. Your parents also play a part in preparing you to receive a good education. From the first day of school parents want their children to do well in school. They encourage their child to do homework, study, and help them when needed. Parents want the best for their children and will do anything to help them.

Some people think that getting a good education depends on the school you attend. I do not agree with this statement. Just because someone sends their child to a private school does not make their education better than a child that has attended public school. Going to intercity or suburban school also is looked at when determining who has received a good education.

A think a good education is what ever you make out of it. It all depends on whether or not you want to sit there and take in what the teacher is teaching. Having good teachers that know what they are doing is also important. If you have a teacher that you can not follow then what is the point of trying to learn. Getting help when needed can also help better your education. The key thing in having a good education is understanding.

Robots

Robots are programmable devices designed and assembled by human to execute one or more tasks repeatedly and automatically, these devices consider as technological achievements which have impact positively our modern world. Robots have been developed over years by many researches to compete the advanced technology in the world. Undoubtedly, robots are ideal solutions to various aspects especially in an industry which would not be possible for human.

Thesis statement Using advanced technology

n some fields, robots are better than human. Robots have been developed by extensive modern research, and are being used in plentiful industries for doing work which would not be possible to the human beings. I categorized their benefits into three groups. First of all is savings. Robots can save time by being able to create a more amount of products. They also reduce the amount of wasted material used due to their accuracy. In the medical field, they can reach where our hands cannot while they

So, Robots are very important